PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

Translation INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

	t's or agent's 551–18	file reference	2	FOR FURTHER A	ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No.				International filing da	ate (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/JP2004/010124				15.07.200	4	22.07.2003			
Internatio	onal Patent C	Classification	(IPC) or nation	onal classification and	IPC				
G02E	31/04,	C08F2	90/06,	299/02, 0	G02B3/08				
Applicant DAIN		INK A	ND CHE	MICALS, I	NC.				
	_			ninary examination re e applicant according		nternational Preliminary Examining Authority			
2.	2. This REPORT consists of a total of sheets, including this cover sheet.								
3.	3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:								
	a. 🔲	(sent to the a	pplicant and	to the International B	ureau) a total of	sheets, as follows:			
	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).								
	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.								
	b	(sent to the I	nternational l	Bureau only) a total of	(indicate type and number	r of electronic carrier(s))			
, containing a sequence listing and/or tables									
				readable form only, a rative Instructions).	as indicated in the Supple	mental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see			
4.	This report	contains indi	cations relati	ng to the following ite	ms:				
	Box	x No. I	Basis of the	report					
	Воз	x No. II	Priority						
	Воз	x No. III	Non-establi:	shment of opinion wit	h regard to novelty, invent	ive step and industrial applicability			
	Воз	x No. IV	Lack of unit	y of invention					
	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement								
	Box	x No. VI	Certain doc	uments cited					
	Box	x No. VII	Certain defe	ects in the internationa	l application				
	Воз	x No. VIII	Certain obse	ervations on the intern	ational application				
Date of s	ubmission o	f the demand	·		Date of completion of th	is report			
Name and	d mailing ad	idress of the l	PEA/JP		Authorized officer				
Facsimile	e No.				Telephone No.				

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Box	No. I	Basis of the report		
1.		regard to the language, this report is based on the internationated under this item.	nal application in the language in which i	t was filed, unless otherwise
		This report is based on translations from the original langua which is the language of a translation furnished for the purp		•
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))		
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4)		
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and/	or 55.3)	
2.	recei	regard to the elements of the international application, this iving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 arreport):	report is based on (replacement sheets verified to in this report as "originals	which have been furnished to the ly filed" and are not annexed to
	\boxtimes	the international application as originally filed/furnished		
		the description:		
		pages		as originally filed/furnished
		pages*	received by this Authority on	
		pages*	received by this Authority on	
		the claims:		
		nos.		as originally filed/furnished
		nos.*	as amended (together with	any statement) under Article 19
		nos.*	received by this Authority on	
		nos.*		
	П	the drawings:		
				as originally filed/furnished
		sheets* sheets*		· ·
1		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplem	ental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.	
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amend they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as fi	iments annexed to this report and listed led, as indicated in the Supplemental Bo	below had not been made, since x (Rule 70.2(c)).
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
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		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
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Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-11	·
	Claims		
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	8	
	Claims	1-7, 9-11	
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-11	
	Claims		

- Document 1: JP 2002-356524 A (Dainippon Ink & Chemicals Inc.), 13 December 2002
- Document 2: JP 11-240926 A (Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd.),
 13 July 1999
- Document 3: JP 11-240926 A (Dainippon Ink & Chemicals Inc.; The Inktec Co., Ltd.), 7 September 1999
- Document 4: JP 11-236420 A (Tokuyama Corp.), 31 August 1999
- Document 5: JP 4-4209 A (Japan Institute of Advanced Dentistry), 8 January 1992
- Document 6: JP 3-184001 A (Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd.),
 12 August 1991

The invention set forth in claim 1 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2, cited in the international search report. Document 1 does not mention "a (meth) acrylate represented by general formula (1) (b1)" and "a (meth) acrylate represented by general formula (II) (b2)"; however, document 2 discloses bisphenol di(meth) acrylates represented by general formula (II) (B) (In general formula (II), "H2" on the far left is an error for "CH2".). Document 2 (paragraph

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[0015]) also states that in a bisphenol di(meth)acrylate represented by general formula (II) "In general formula (II), m and n represent the numbers of modifying ethylene oxide or propylene oxide units, with $2 \le m + n \le 12$. When m + n is less than 2 it becomes difficult to confer adequate flexibility on the resulting photoresin layer; and when m + n exceeds 12 the surface hardness, heat resistance and coefficient of diffraction of the resulting photoresin layer are lowered"; and (paragraph [0016]) indicates that a mixture of two or more bisphenol di(meth)acrylates (B) can be employed. Moreover, using different combinations of m + n in suitable proportions from the point of view of impact resistance and strength is also widely known. See, for example, documents 4-6.

Since documents 1 and 2 address the same technical problem of "raising curability and improving adhesion with base material in the form of a transparent sheet, the "active energy cured type resin compositions" in document 1 and "active energy curable compositions" in document 2 share the fact that they are used in optical items such as lenses, and the inventions disclosed in document 1 and document 2 both belong to the technical field of active-energy-cured resin compositions mainly containing an acrylate resin, and no special impediment is discovered as to the combination thereof, a person skilled in the art could easily conceive of incorporating "a bisphenol di(meth)acrylate represented by general formula (II) (B) " disclosed in document 2 in an "active energy cured type resin composition" disclosed in document 1, in order to confer adequate flexibility and surface hardness.

In addition, the effects of the invention set forth

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in claim 1 do not exceed the sum of the effects of the inventions disclosed in documents 1 and 2, and are such as could be expected by a person skilled in the art.

The invention set forth in claim 2 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2, cited in the international search report. Documents 1 and 2 do not disclose the "mass ratio of the bifunctional (meth) acrylate (b1) and bifunctional (meth) acrylate (b2)"; however, a mass ratio of 20/80 to 80/20 is a range conventionally adopted when mixing two components, and is not deemed to have any marked action or effect.

Document 1 also does not disclose a "mass ratio for a bifunctional (meth)acrylate (b3) relative to the total of bifunctional (meth)acrylate (b1) and bifunctional (meth)acrylate (b2)"; however, document 2 (paragraph [0023]) discloses 10-45 parts by weight of a bisphenol di(meth)acrylate represented by general formula (II) (B) and 0-30 parts by weight of at least one compound (D) having at least one polymerizable double bond; and the mass ratio of constituent (B) and constituent (D) is comprehended in the range 15/85 to 70/30.

The invention set forth in claim 3 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2, cited in the international search report, document 1 (paragraph [0030] gives poly(propylene glycol) di(meth) acrylate and the like as a "(meth) acrylate ester of an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol".

The invention set forth in claim 4 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 to 3, cited

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in the international search report. Document 1 does not mention that "the thermoplastic resin (d) is a polyurethane resin having a glass transition temperature of -70°C to 0°C. However, document 3 (paragraph [0024]) states that, "From the point of view of flexibility, the polymer is preferably a urethane resin. A urethane resin having a glass transition temperature (Tg) of -40°C to 60°C is preferred, and a Tg of -35°C to -25°C is more preferred". Since document 1 and document 3 both belong to the technical field of energy radiation cured resin compositions, a person skilled in the art could easily conceive of applying a "urethane resin" disclosed in document 3 in an "active energy cured resin composition" disclosed in document 1, in order to confer flexibility (shape recovery).

The invention set forth in claim 5 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 to 3, cited in the international search report. Document 1 (paragraph [0026]) gives bisphenol epoxy (meth) acrylates as examples of an "epoxy (meth) acrylate having at least two acryloyl groups (a)", and states (paragraph [0037]), "There are no specific restrictions as to the monofunctional (meth) acrylate (c); however, in order to be able to give a high refractive index without detracting from high elasticity, a monofunctional (meth) acrylate having a ring structure (c') is preferred".

The invention set forth in claim 6 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents and 2, cited in the international search report. Document 1 (paragraph [0042]) states that, "In 100 parts by weight of epoxy

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(meth) acrylate (a') + (meth) acrylate ester of an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol (b') + monofunctional (meth) acrylate, the quantities of each of the constituents are preferably epoxy (meth) acrylate (a') 30-70 parts by weight, (meth) acrylate ester of an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol (b') 5-40 parts by weight, and monofunctional (meth) acrylate 5-35 parts by weight"; and (paragraph [0051]) states that, "The quantity of other resin (e) employed is preferably 1-30 parts by weight in a total of 100 parts by weight of active energy cured resin composition for cast polymerization of the present invention".

Moreover, the "(meth)acrylate ester of an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol (b')" disclosed in document 1 can also include a "bisphenol di(meth)acrylate represented by general formula (II) (B)" disclosed in document 2; and the numerical range specified in claim 6 is such as could be conceived easily by a person skilled in the art.

The invention set forth in claim 7 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2. Document 1 (paragraph [0047]) cites multifunctional (meth) acrylates such as tri[(meth) acryloylethoxy] phosphate, for example, as "other compounds containing an unsaturated double bond (d)".

The invention set forth in claim 8 involves an inventive step relative to the documents cited in the international search report. In particular, no document discloses "the polyfunctional (trifunctional or more) (meth) acrylate (e) is a (meth) acrylate ester of an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol having an oxypropylene

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structure (e1)"; and due to this feature, this invention in the present invention offers the advantageous effect that "a high degree of crosslinking is possible without detracting from adhesion with plastic base material".

The invention set forth in claim 9 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2, cited in the international search report. Document 1 does not specifically state the content of "other compounds containing an unsaturated double bond (d)"; however, it mentions (paragraph [0043]) that "in addition to constituents (a)-(c), other compounds containing an unsaturated double bond (d) can be included, with the objective of fine regulation of viscosity or refractive index, for example". The statement "with the objective of fine regulation" suggests a minor content which will manifest an effect, which is deemed to include 1-10 parts by mass.

For the rest, by the same argument as for claim 6, the numerical range specified in claim 9 could be conceived easily by a person skilled in the art.

The invention set forth in claim 10 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2, cited in the international search report. Document 1 discloses "active energy cured resin compositions for cast polymerization, which can be employed for producing items having a structure consisting of a moulded resin layer formed from a cured resin on a transparent plastic base material, such as producing plastic items, for example, formed sheets, lenses, optical components, optical disks and prisms".

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The invention set forth in claim 11 does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1 and 2, cited in the international search report. "Fresnel lens sheets" are known lens sheet materials